

## MATH 1650: SECTION 5.4: TRANSFORMATIONS WORKSHEET

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Let  $f(x) = x^2 - x - 6$ .

Match the functional formula on the left with the expression on the right.

(a)  $f(x + 1)$

(i)  $x^2 - x - 5$

(b)  $f(x) + 1$

(j)  $-x^2 + x + 6$

(c)  $f(x - 2)$

(k)  $x^2 - x - 8$

(d)  $f(x) - 2$

(l)  $(x + 1)^2 - (x + 1) - 6$

(e)  $f(3x)$

(m)  $9x^2 - 3x - 6$

(f)  $3f(x)$

(n)  $(x - 2)^2 - (x - 2) - 6$

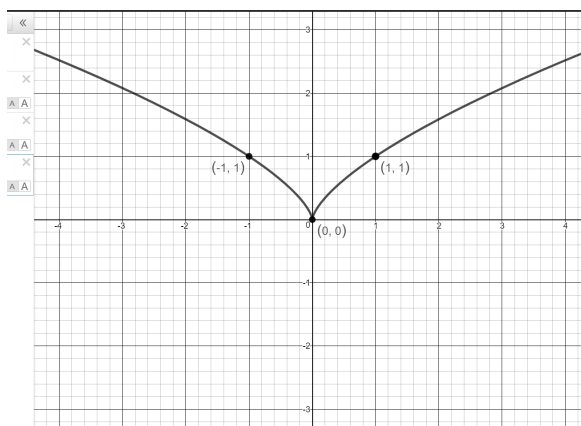
(g)  $f(-x)$

(o)  $x^2 + x - 6$

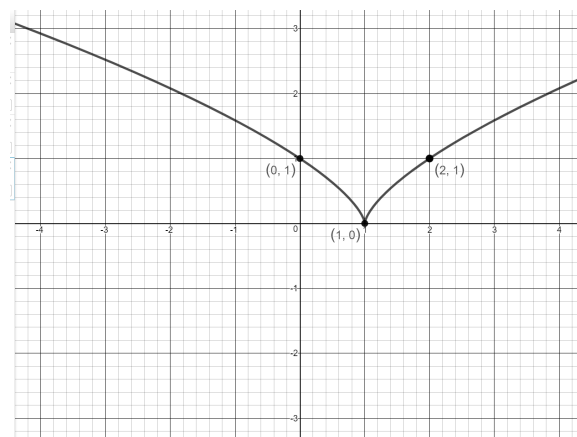
(h)  $-f(x)$

(p)  $3x^2 - 3x - 18$

2. Consider each pair of graphs below, and answer the following questions:

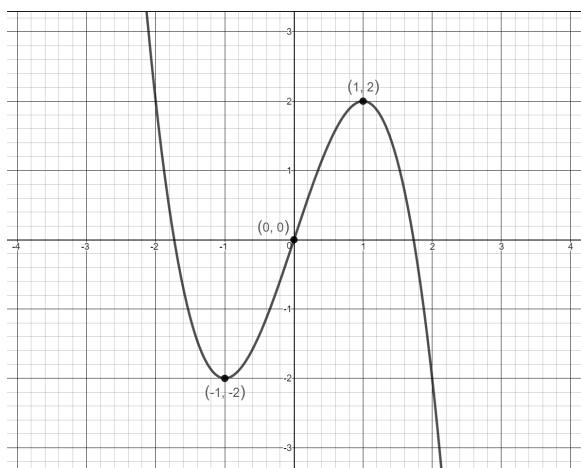


$$y = x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

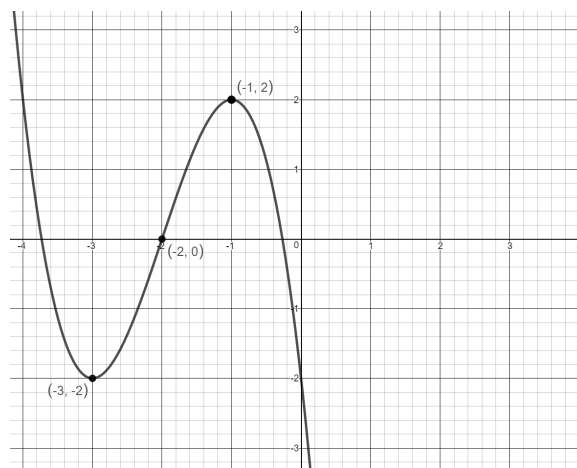


$$y = (x - 1)^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?



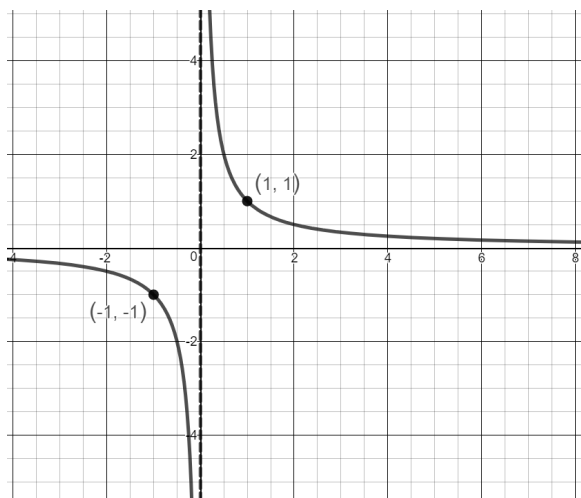
$$y = 3x - x^3$$



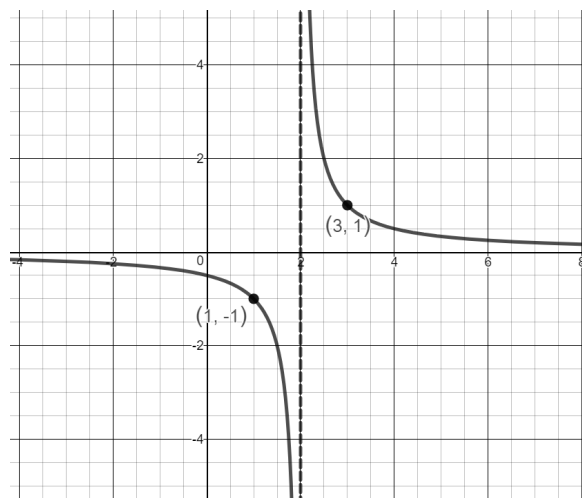
$$y = 3(x + 2) - (x + 2)^3$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?

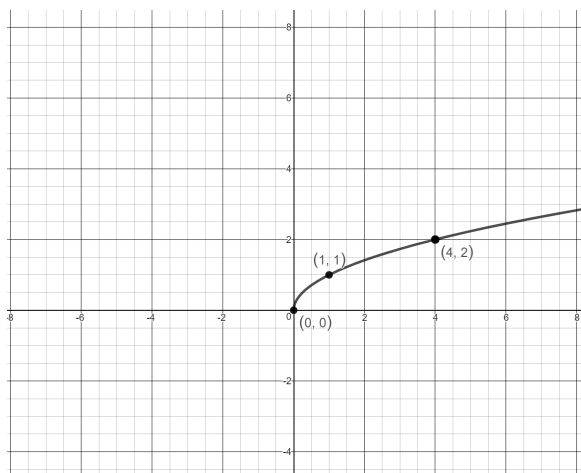
3. Given the formula for the function graphed on the left, find a formula for the function on the right.



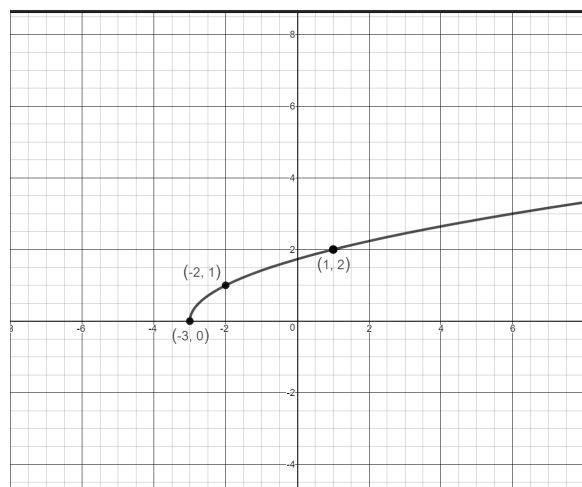
$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$



$$y =$$



$$y = \sqrt{x}$$



$$y =$$

4. If  $(3, -4)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(x - 2)$

(b)  $y = f(x + 1)$

5. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(x - 2)$

(b)  $y = f(x + 1)$

6. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$  and  $h$  is a positive number, find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(x - h)$

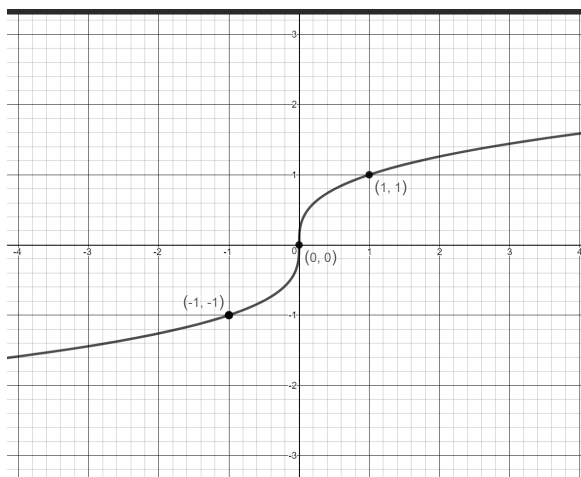
(b)  $y = f(x + h)$

7. If  $h > 0$ , what is the geometric difference between the graphs of:

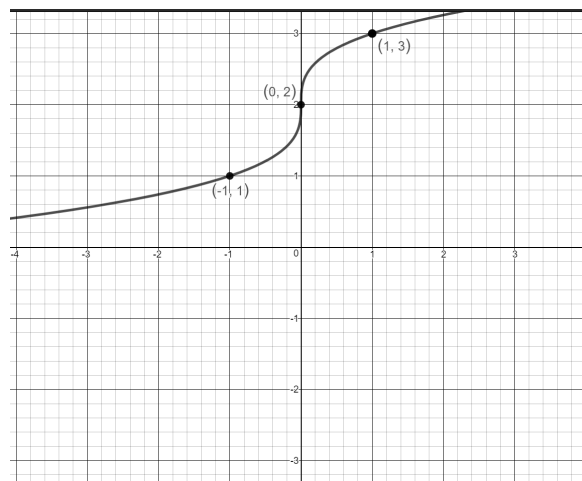
•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f(x - h)$ ?

•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f(x + h)$ ?

8. Consider each pair of graphs below, and answer the following questions:

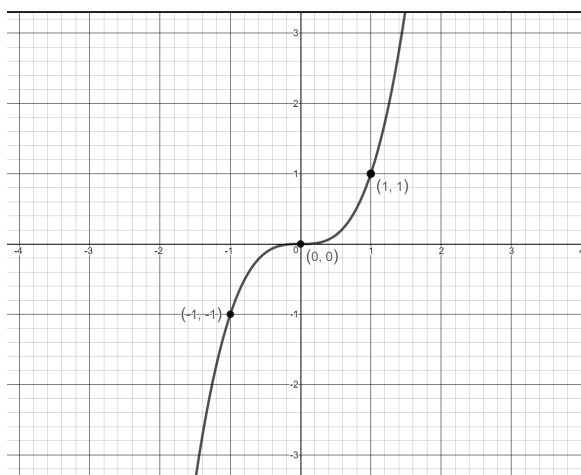


$$y = \sqrt[3]{x}$$

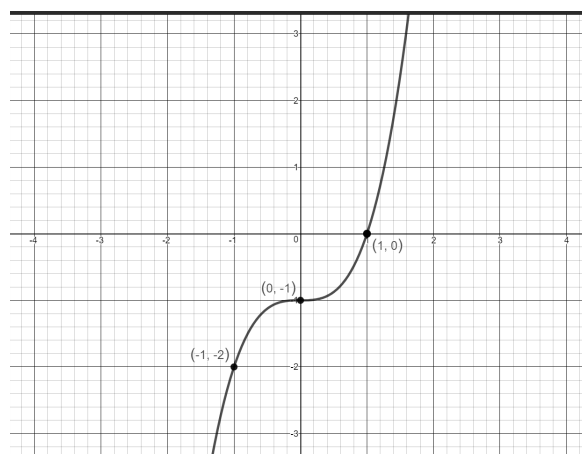


$$y = \sqrt[3]{x} + 2$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?



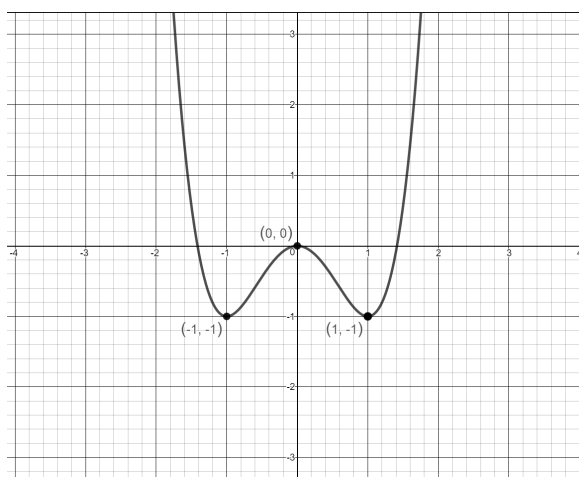
$$y = x^3$$



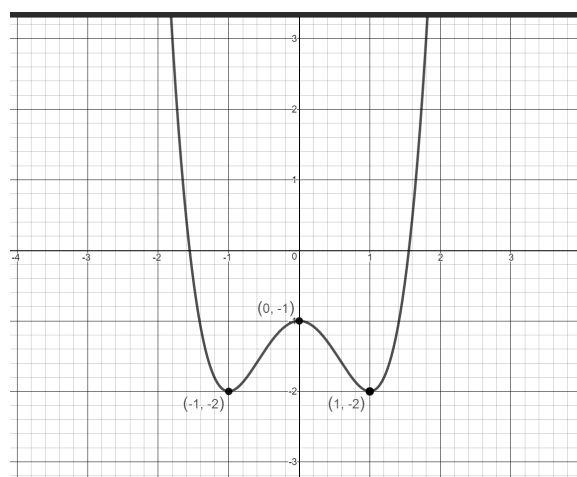
$$y = x^3 - 1$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?

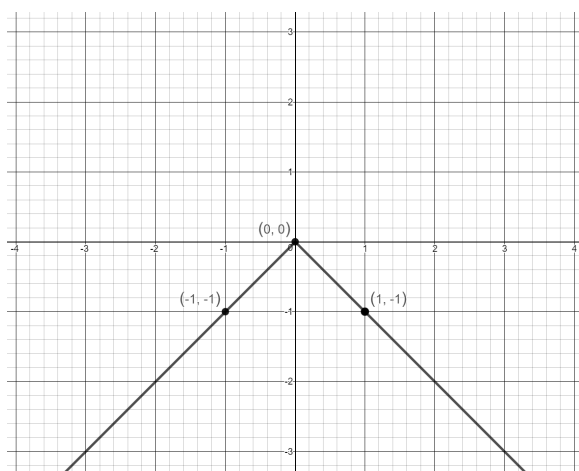
9. Given the formula for the function graphed on the left, find a formula for the function on the right.



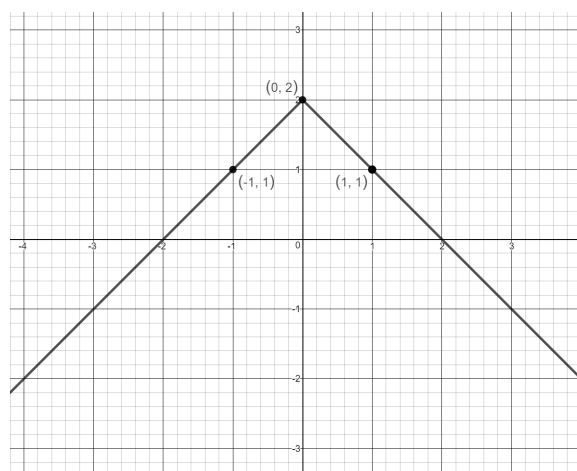
$$y = x^4 - 2x^2$$



$$y =$$



$$y = -|x|$$



$$y =$$

10. If  $(3, -4)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(x) - 2$

(b)  $y = f(x) + 1$

11. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(x) - 2$

(b)  $y = f(x) + 1$

12. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$  and  $k$  is a positive number, find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(x) - k$

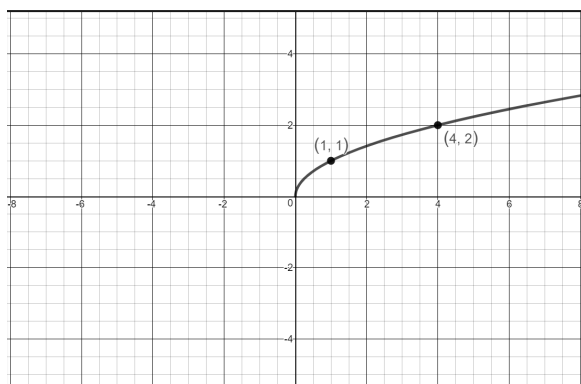
(b)  $y = f(x) + k$

13. If  $k > 0$ , what is the geometric difference between the graphs of:

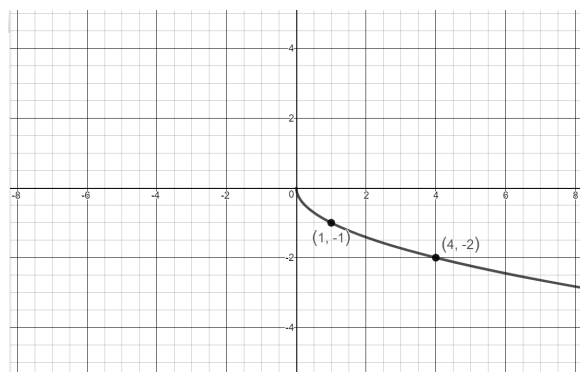
•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f(x) - k$

•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f(x) + k$

14. Consider each pair of graphs below, and answer the following questions:

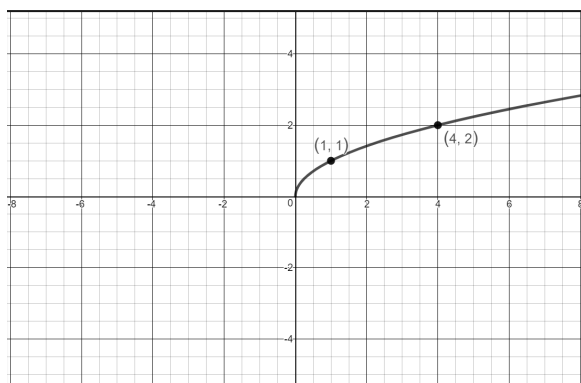


$$y = \sqrt{x}$$

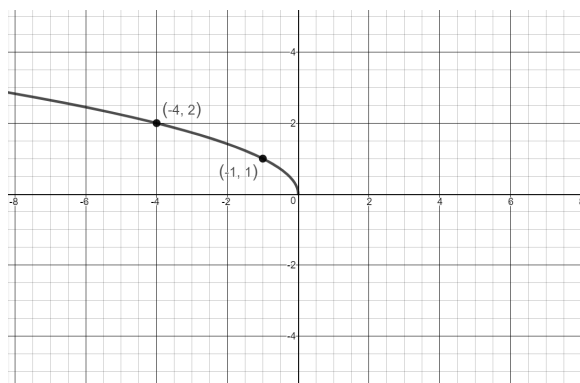


$$y = -\sqrt{x}$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?



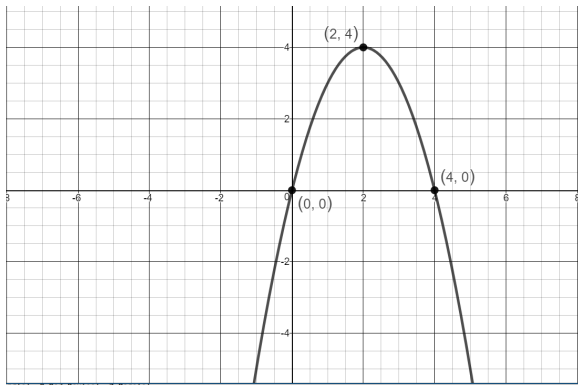
$$y = \sqrt{x}$$



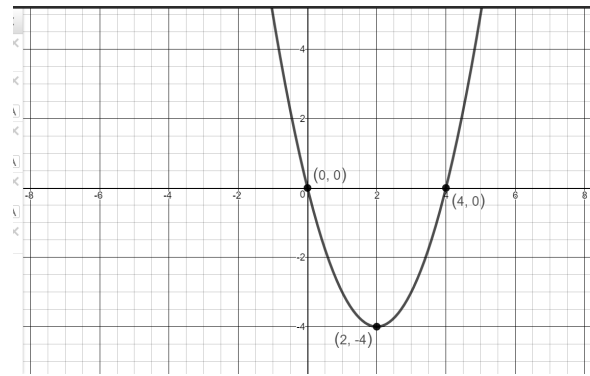
$$y = \sqrt{-x}$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?

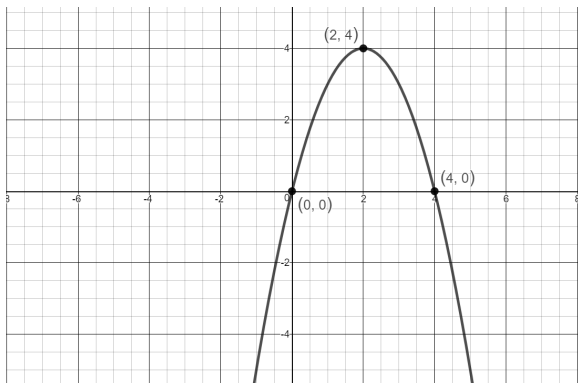
15. Given the formula for the function graphed on the left, find a formula for the function on the right.



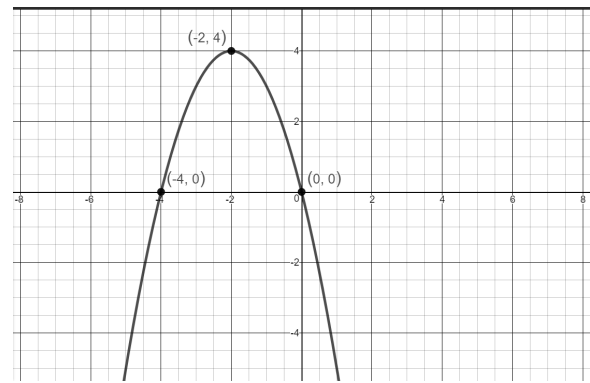
$$y = 4x - x^2$$



$$y =$$



$$y = 4x - x^2$$



$$y =$$

16. If  $(3, -4)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = -f(x)$

(b)  $y = f(-x)$

17. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = -f(x)$

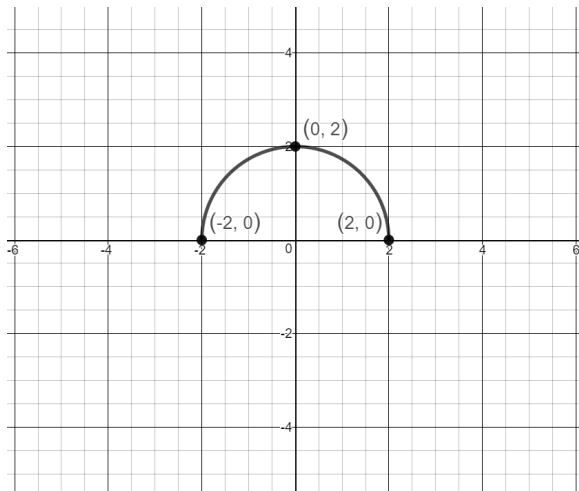
(b)  $y = f(-x)$

18. What is the geometric difference between the graphs of:

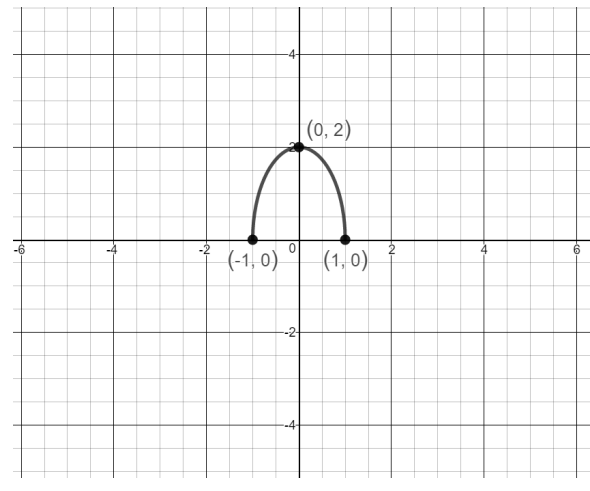
•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = -f(x)$ ?

•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f(-x)$ ?

19. Consider each pair of graphs below, and answer the following questions:

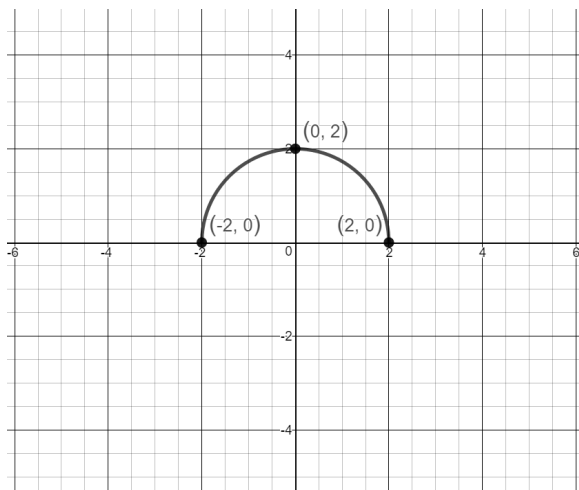


$$y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

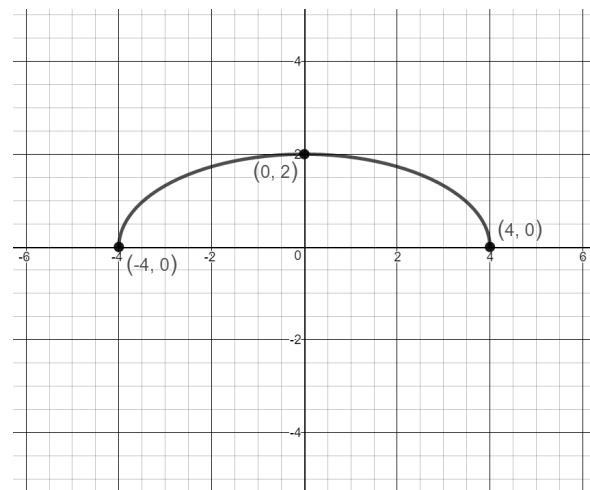


$$y = \sqrt{4 - (2x)^2}$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?



$$y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

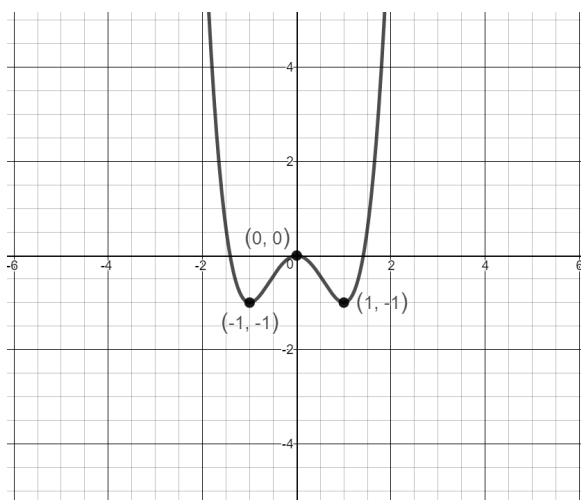


$$y = \sqrt{4 - \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}$$

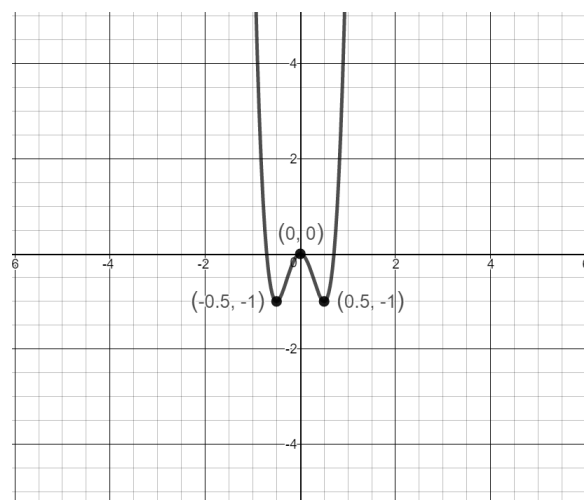
- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?



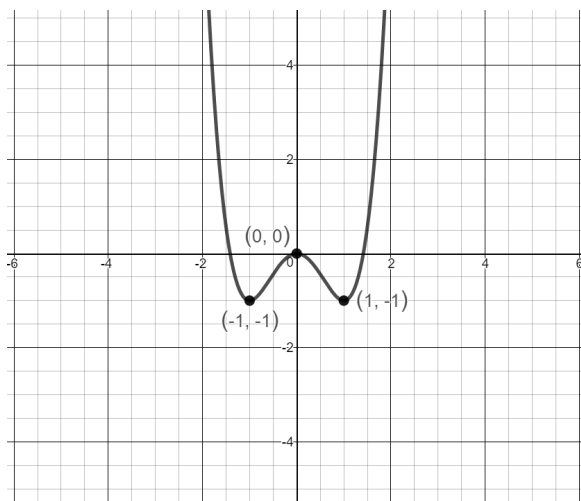
20. Given the formula for the function graphed on the left, find a formula for the function on the right.



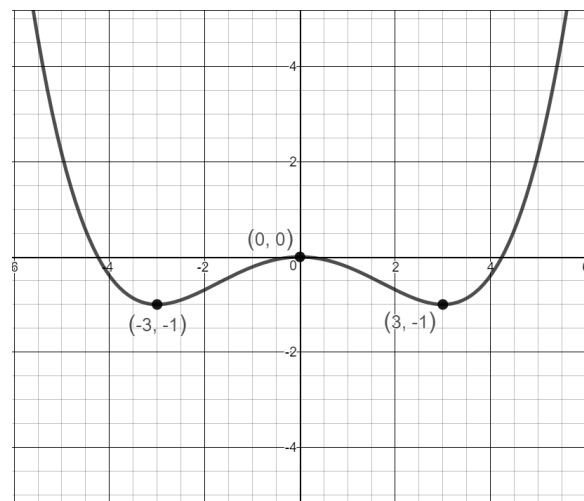
$$y = x^4 - 2x^2$$



$$y =$$



$$y = x^4 - 2x^2$$



$$y =$$

21. If  $(3, -4)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(5x)$

(b)  $y = f\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)$

22. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(5x)$

(b)  $y = f\left(\frac{x}{5}\right)$

23. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$  and  $b$  is a positive number, find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = f(bx)$

(b)  $y = f\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)$

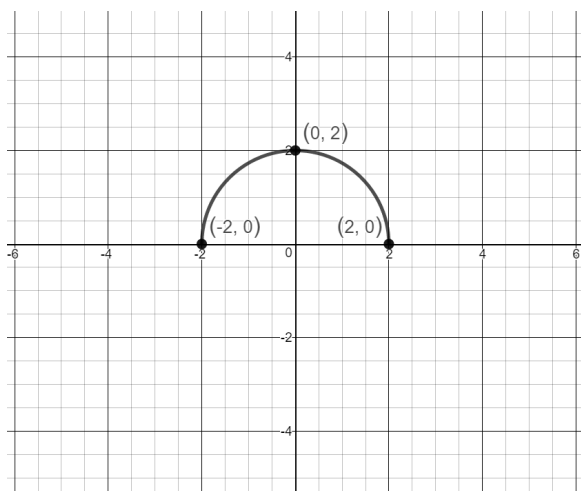
24. If  $b > 1$ , what is the geometric difference between the graphs of:

•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f(bx)$

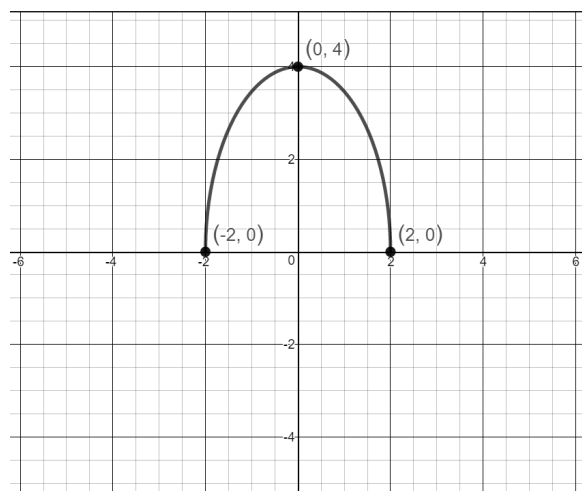
•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = f\left(\frac{x}{b}\right)$

What happens if  $0 < b < 1$ ?

25. Consider each pair of graphs below, and answer the following questions:

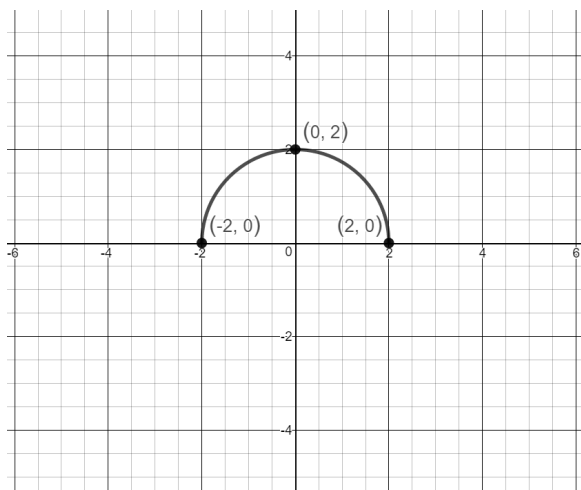


$$y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

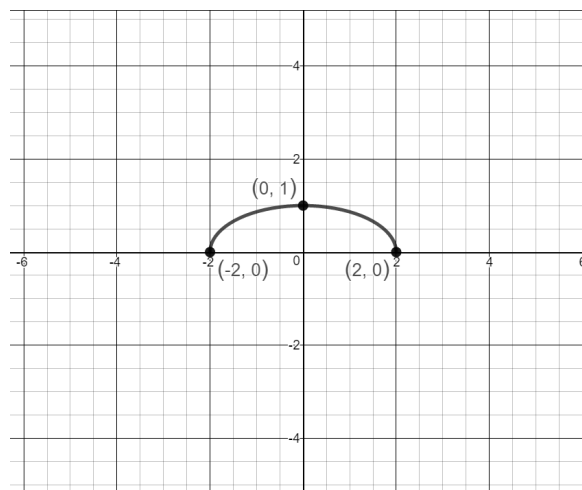


$$y = 2\sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?



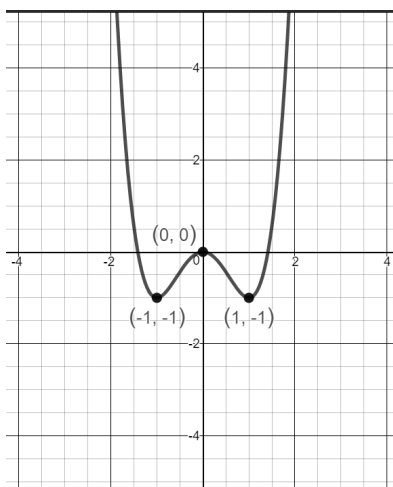
$$y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$$



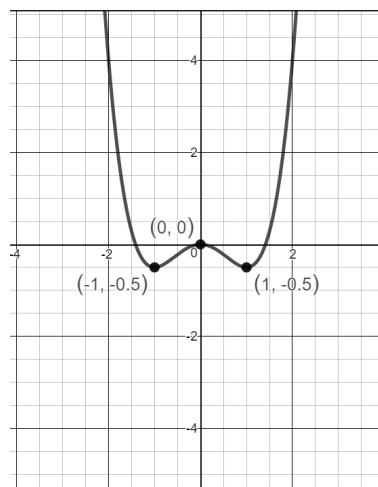
$$y = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{4 - x^2}$$

- How are these two graphs related geometrically?
- How are these two formulas related algebraically?

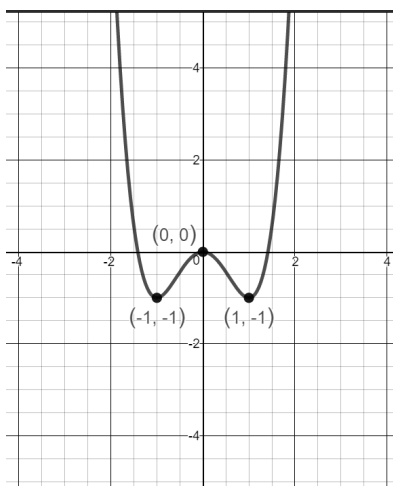
26. Given the formula for the function graphed on the left, find a formula for the function on the right.



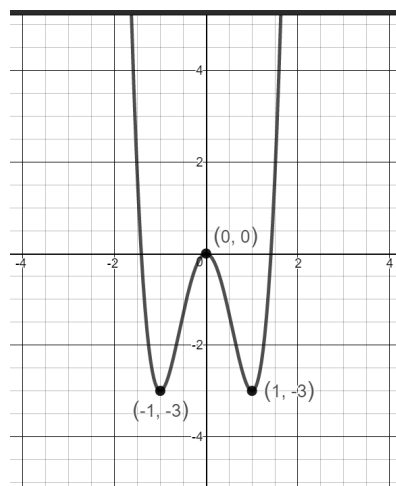
$$y = x^4 - 2x^2$$



$$y =$$



$$y = x^4 - 2x^2$$



$$y =$$

27. If  $(3, -4)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = 5f(x)$

(b)  $y = \frac{1}{5}f(x)$

28. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$ , find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = 5f(x)$

(b)  $y = \frac{1}{5}f(x)$

29. If  $(c, d)$  is on the graph of  $y = f(x)$  and  $a$  is a positive number, find a point on the graph of:

(a)  $y = af(x)$

(b)  $y = \frac{1}{a}f(x)$

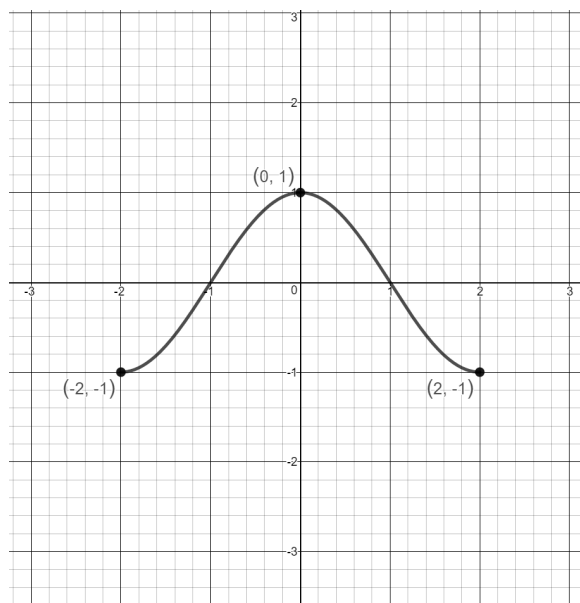
30. If  $a > 1$ , what is the geometric difference between the graphs of:

•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = af(x)$ ?

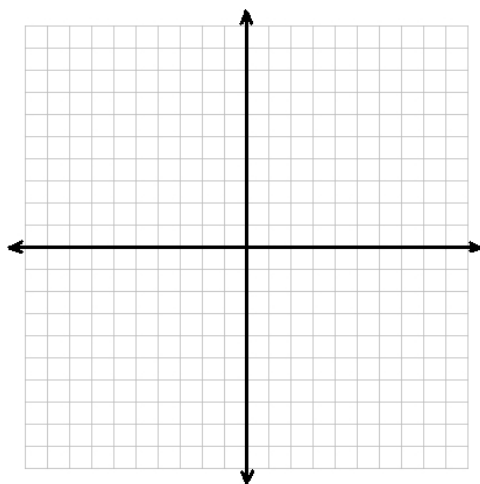
•  $y = f(x)$  and  $y = \frac{1}{a}f(x)$ ?

What happens if  $0 < a < 1$ ?

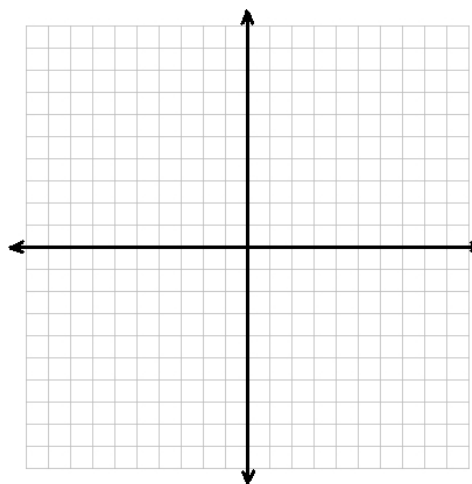
31. Below is the graph of a function  $y = C(x)$ . Use it to graph each of the functions below. How can you check your answers?



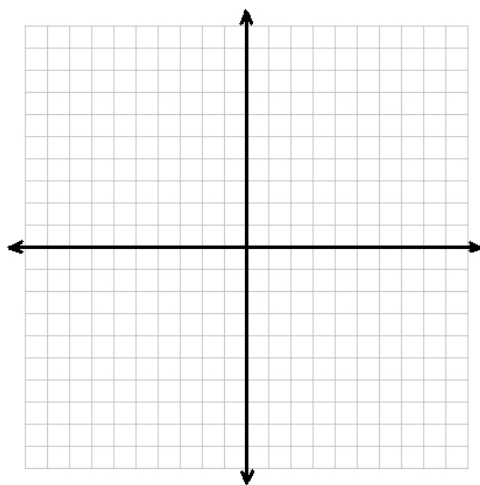
$$y = C(x)$$



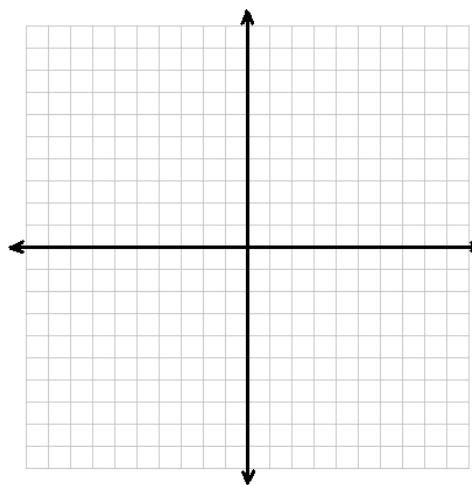
$$y = C(x + 2)$$



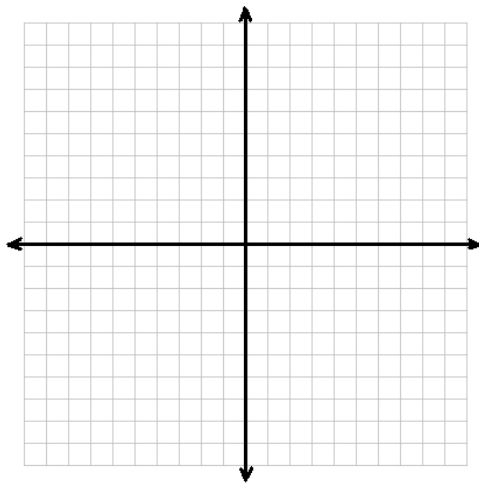
$$y = C(x) + 2$$



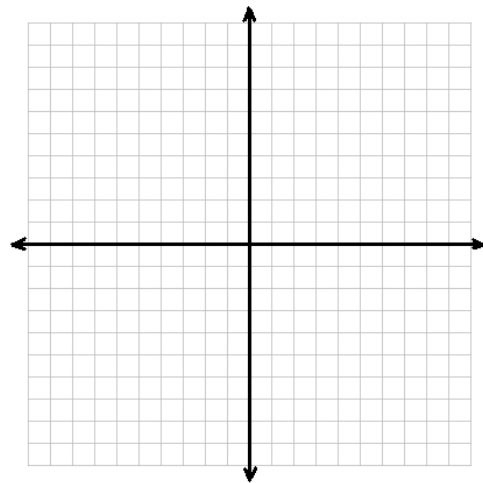
$$y = C(2x)$$



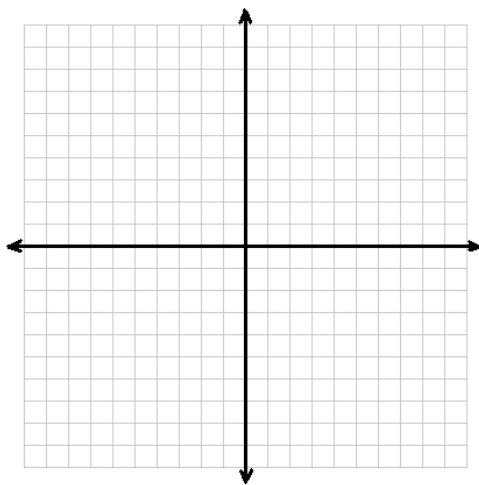
$$y = 2C(x)$$



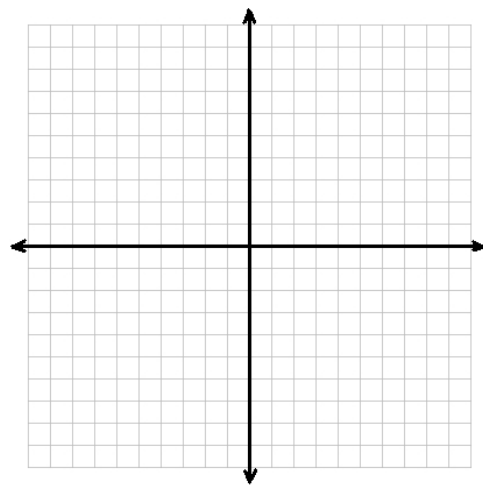
$$y = C(-x)$$



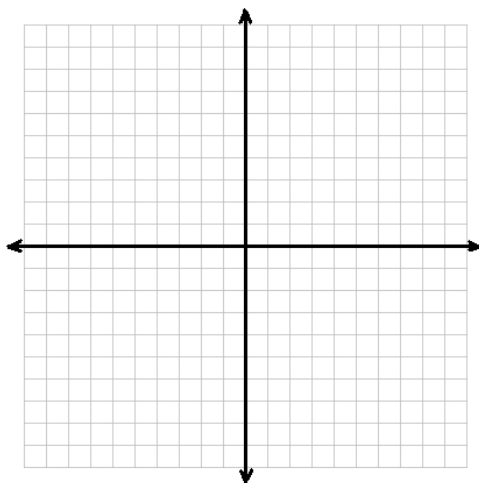
$$y = -C(x)$$



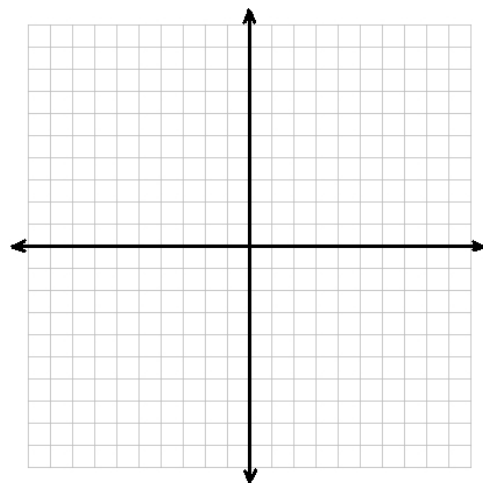
$$y = C(x - 2) + 1$$



$$y = -C(x + 1)$$



$$y = C(2x + 1)$$



$$y = 2C(x) + 1$$

**HOMEWORK:** Section 5.4: 1 - 69 every other odd.